UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

MATTHEW MOONEY, 13-cv-03093 Plaintiff, VS. AXA ADVISORS, LLC, et al.,) Philadelphia, PA) December 5, 2014 Defendant) 11:03 a.m.

> TRANSCRIPT OF TELEPHONIC CONFERENCE BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL M. BAYLSON UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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By Ms. Fritz	
By Mr. Zisook	
	By the Court By Ms. Fritz

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(The following was heard in open court at 11:03 a.m.) 1 THE COURT: Good morning. Judge Baylson speaking. 2 3 Who is on the phone for the plaintiff? MR. ZISOOK: Good morning, Your Honor. Phillip 4 Zisook for Matthew Mooney, and also with me is my colleague 5 Leon Farbman. 6 7 THE COURT: All right, good morning. And for the defendant. 8 MS. FRITZ: Miranda Fritz here, Your Honor. With me 9 10 is Gabrielle Vazquez. Good morning. THE COURT: Good morning. 11 12 MR. ZISOOK: And Your Honor, also present is my local counsel, James Hiler. 13 THE COURT: Good morning. 14 MR. HILER: Good morning, Your Honor. 15 16 THE COURT: Good morning, good morning. 17 And I have with me my law clerk, and we're on the 18 record, so I'm making a record of this. If you want to go off the record for any reason, please tell me. 19 20 All right, good morning. I've been reading the documents here, and I have the agreed upon protective order 21 and I appreciate your coming to terms with that, and I'm going 22 to sign it. 23 24 And I believe, when I looked at this, there's no

provision in here that precludes -- that applies to any trial

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1 or court hear. That's correct?

MR. ZISOOK: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. So that will be signed and filed today.

Now when I read the briefs, I got the impression that this is sort of an evolving work in process, if I can call it that, and you've been having a lot of discussions, which is good.

So I -- and I noted in my order that if we can't come to a resolution this morning over the telephone, and either side would rather have a hearing in open court, I'm prepared to do that sometime in the next two weeks, if either one of you believed that something should be spelled out in a courtroom, either come up to New York and we could have a hearing there, or we can have another telephone conference if you prefer that, if we don't resolve it today.

But I made a couple notes and just let me ask a couple questions.

On the issue of privilege, has -- if either side is claiming a privilege for any document, either one or thousands -- hopefully not the latter -- the rule, in my view the rule requires a privilege log.

So first let me ask the plaintiff. Are you withholding any documents on grounds of privilege?

MR. ZISOOK: No, Judge.

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THE COURT: All right. Okay, defendant, Ms. Fritz?

MS. FRITZ: Yes. We have, as we spelled out for

Your Honor, we are producing, just now putting together a

substantial package. There are documents that are going to be

withheld on privilege, and we do agree that we have an

obligation to provide a privilege log.

THE COURT: All right, when will the plaintiff get the log?

MS. FRITZ: We can do that -- here's the problem.

Because of the fact that we are producing on his first and second request for documents, and we are beginning his third and fourth, we had not -- our intention was to do a privilege log that would be more comprehensive as we wound up the production.

So our view was that this is something that we would be looking to do during January.

THE COURT: All right. Let me -- I'm not saying that that's not a good idea. I'm just asking questions.

What is your schedule to produce -- when do you think you will have completed your production of whatever you're going to produce and advise the plaintiff what you're objecting to, and also provide a log? I mean, what's a reasonable date in January that all those things will have been accomplished?

MS. FRITZ: January 30th.

THE COURT: All right. Now is that acceptable, to the plaintiff, Mr. Zisook?

MR. ZISOOK: Judge, the problem that I have and the problem that I've had since July is I keep looking at the scheduling order that the Court entered in August.

THE COURT: Well, I'll extend the dates. It's not unusual that I do this. I like to give counsel in every case I have an opportunity to develop discovery and sometimes it takes longer, when it gets going it takes longer than anybody thought it was going to take at the beginning.

Now if you're telling me your client is prejudiced by that, I'm happy to hear that. But if there's no prejudice, I'm prepared to extend the schedule. I'd like to have one more final schedule that everybody could keep, you know, barring any acts of God or terrible tragedies. Go ahead.

MR. ZISOOK: And I agree with Your Honor. If the Court is flexible with the schedule, and production is going to be made next week as counsel has represented in her papers, I think we could probably work this out.

But again, I don't know what's going to be included and what isn't going to be included in this production. There are things that I haven't -- that I raised specifically based on what was included in the initial production in July. It may be that many of these problems are going to go by the wayside with the follow-up production.

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THE COURT: Right.

MR. ZISOOK: So really, with the production being imminent, I don't know that there is a need for a hearing. Although I think based on what I've read, there is going to be one big issue that is going to impact many discovery requests, and that is the difference between Ms. Fritz and myself as to the bounds of discovery with respect to commissions and compensation --

THE COURT: You mean post termination?

MR. ZISOOK: Yes, exactly.

THE COURT: Well, I read about that in the briefs.

All right, is that the -- and I'm not -- I'm not going to rule on that right now and I'm not foreclosing any more arguments about it, but is that the major issue you see as discovery moves forward?

MR. ZISOOK: Yes.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. FRITZ: And from our side I think that -- again, Mr. Zisook and I have had a lot of conversations, and I think we're going to end up with perhaps one or two issues that we're going to need the Court to take a look at, but I don't know yet. Because as you said, I still view this as very much sort of a work in progress.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, that's okay with me.

Now let me talk for a couple of minutes about
discovery. I don't know any of you but I've you know, had a
lot of discovery experience as both a lawyer and a judge.

And this is my -- it happens to be my third discovery conference this week on complicated cases such as this. So you'll forgive me if I just give you the little spiel I have when I have these disputes.

I'm glad you're finally getting to talk and confer with each other, which I think is essential. I've written some opinions about discovery where I like to use the metaphor of a discovery fence, F-E-N-C-E. And what I mean by that is that after -- the parties and the judge, after you have the exchange of discovery requests and you have some experience from the pleadings and the nature of your discussions with each other, you either agree on constructing a fence about around the subject matter of the case that you think is proper discovery.

And you know, I believe that if -- that when there is a dispute, it's a wise thing for a judge to construct this fence and describe what is inside the fence and what is outside the fence. And the fence needs to be flexible because sometimes these things change during the course of discovery.

Now, I don't have -- I read from the briefs that there is one, there appears to be one type, one program, if I'm not mistaken, where the defendant agrees as to that

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program the plaintiff is entitled to some revenues that the defendant received after the plaintiff's termination. Is that called SARP, S-A-R-P, is that the name of it?

MR. ZISOOK: That is the name of it, Judge.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. HILER: Yes, we do agree to that.

THE COURT: Yes, okay. So, that would like be a bulge, that's what I call a bulge in the fence. So if the fence -- you know, this is an if, I'm not ruling -- if the fence was generally confined to commissions that are due from the plaintiff's work while he worked for the defendant, that would be the fence, but there would be this bulge for the SARP, S-A-R-P, program.

Now the plaintiff may say the bulge should be larger than that. I think the plaintiff does say that. And he shows certain conditions -- and he doesn't appear to say the plaintiff is entitled to every -- to commissions on every revenue the defendant received but only if he had some role in it, or something like that. And I haven't read all the briefs, I haven't read all the cases that you cited -- I don't have any opinion on that right now.

The -- and what I would like you to think about, because I think if I have to rule on this down the road, this would help me ruling, is whether the parties -- this would be the plaintiff initially since you're making the request and

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you have the burden of proof -- would identify, to the extent the plaintiff knows, and the plaintiff may know this of his own knowledge, he may know it from having spoken with other friends or customers or former clients, et cetera. If he knows of certain of these transactions outside of the SARP program that he believes he's entitled to a share of, then plaintiff's counsel would make known those instances to the defendant.

And then the defendant would respond to those specifically. Whether you agree, in which case they would be part of the discovery, the fence would have an additional bulge for those, and if you disagreed, why.

Then as the next step, the defendant may wish to construct a listing of other things that you believe you want from the plaintiff and the plaintiff hasn't responded, and the plaintiff would respond to that list.

Another possibility would be for the plaintiff to in addition to the SARP program and in addition to this initial list of accounts that the plaintiff knows about, the plaintiff would then describe conceptually what is the nature of the transactions to which you believe you -- the plaintiff believes he's entitled to, either by a time period, geographic period. I don't know enough about how the plaintiff did business to be more specific.

But you would construct a request for documents that

was limited to these post termination sales, but giving the defendant a very defined conceptual contention statement, so to speak.

And then the defendant would respond to that in some detail. Either that they don't exist or if they do exist there's only one or there may be a thousand, and whether the defendant would be willing to provide any preliminary discovery to, as to those the defendant believes that discovery would not be proper, and the reason why.

And this would -- the reason I mention this dialogue is first of all, I think it makes a lot of sense to both of you to try and narrow the discovery, and it may help your clients in advocating for this. It may help for settlement down the road, and that's another reason why it may make sense.

And if I have to come and make a decision, having this kind of dialogue ahead of time would be a great value to me. And I don't know how I would decide. It would depend on how much was presented. And this is probably going to take a couple of months for you to develop. I don't want anybody to, you know, lose family time over the holiday or the New Year's to do this. There's no rush as far as I'm concerned.

So I'm done talking. So let me ask the plaintiff any reaction you have at this time.

MR. ZISOOK: Yes, Judge. I think that is a

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constructive model. Again, I was looking at the days of the calendar and the clock ticking away without the documents, and I think that this model will be constructive for there to be a dialogue between the parties and to facilitate the flow of information, and perhaps even get the other side, myself included, to rethink its position on some of these things. But I think that it is constructive and I am in favor of proceeding. THE COURT: All right. Ms. Fritz, what about you? MS. FRITZ: I agree. Very practical, very productive. I'm all in favor. THE COURT: All right, good. Okay. Okay, well, with that in mind, is there anything that either of you think I have to decide right now, other than changing the scheduling order? Mr. Zisook? MR. ZISOOK: No, Judge. I think that for the most part, much will await what is coming next week. And on the big issues that Your Honor got right away, I think that the model that you set up is a good one and we can work with it. THE COURT: All right. Okay, do either of you see any need to have a court hearing in New York in the next two weeks? Mr. Zisook? MR. ZISOOK: No, Judge. THE COURT: All right. Ms. Fritz?

MS. FRITZ: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Now, I would suggest rather than change the scheduling order today, you have my word that I'll change it. I think it would be better if you go through this production that's going to take place by the end of January. The present schedule shows written discovery and depositions concluding by March 30th.

So if we address the rescheduling at the end of January, that may be more productive than doing it right now.

Am I correct about that, plaintiff?

MR. ZISOOK: I think, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. Okay, Ms. Fritz, is that all right with you?

MS. FRITZ: Yes, it is.

THE COURT: All right. Well, once again, why don't you do this. I am probably going to be involved in a major criminal trial the whole month of January, so I'll be here, but if anything comes up, you can send me a letter if you need to confer. And then I would like you to let me know by the end of January, either you can send -- if you agreed on the new scheduling order, you can just send in the proposal in the same format that the prior one is. And if you disagree, you can each send your own schedule and I'll probably have a phone call to resolve it.

Is that okay?

MR. ZISOOK: Thank you.

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1	THE COURT: I'm going to write on my copy of the
2	order, I'm going to say to be revised by 1/30/15.
3	MS. FRITZ: Thank you very much, Judge, and happy
4	holidays to you.
5	THE COURT: Yes, thank you for calling in. Happy
6	holidays to you.
7	MR. ZISOOK: Happy holidays. Thank you very much,
8	Judge.
9	THE COURT: Right, bye now.
10	(Proceeding concluded at 12:20 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATION I, Sandra Carbonaro, court approved transcriber, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the official electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. SANDRA CARBONARO Diana Doman Transcribing, LLC AGENCY DATE